

Fadu, 4 years old, travels the world to tell her story



When she was only 15 months old, little Fadu's father was tortured to death in China because of his belief in Falun Gong. For the past two years, she has

been traveling the globe with her mother, Jane Dai, calling for a stop to the injustice. It is their hope that by telling people about his death, they may prevent other children from suffering the same pain and sorrow.

Doudou, 7 years old, reunited with her mother



Thanks to the kind efforts of the government and concerned citizens of the United States, seven-year-old Doudou was reunited

with her mother, Amy Lee, in New York on November 11, 2003. They had been separated in China because Ms. Lee practiced Falun Gong.

Please Help the Children Suffering from the Persecution of Falun Gong in China

The persecution of Falun Gong in China is impacting defenseless children. As a result of over a thousand confirmed cases of Falun Gong practitioners killed in the persecution, many children have been left with no parents or just one parent. Countless children have been directly targeted and tortured to death, thrown into prisons and labor camps, expelled from school, and left unattended. Many cases occur because the children practice Falun Gong, while most are victimized because their parents practice Falun Gong. You can help rescue these children suffering from the persecution of Falun Gong in China.

For more information, please visit:
www.faluninfo.net www.GlobalRescue.net

How to help

Tell your family and friends about the persecution of Falun Gong

Write to your government officials

Sign our petition

Contact the U.S. Dept. of Immigration to rescue these children

Contact us

617-217-8952

732-841-7937

info@globalrescue.net

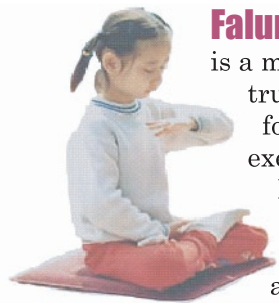


Why?

Why
did they
beat me
and
lock
mom
in
chains
?



The Persecution of Falun Gong Hurts Children!



Falun Gong, also called Falun Dafa, is a mind-body practice based on truthfulness, compassion, and forbearance, and includes gentle exercises and meditation. Mr. Li Hongzhi introduced Falun Gong to the public in 1992 and it quickly spread across China, as well as to over 60 countries.

Why: Throughout history, communist regimes have never allowed people to have independent thinking or hold beliefs outside communist ideology. Along these lines, Falun Gong was banned in China on July 20, 1999, by former Chinese president Jiang Zemin, who China watchers say was fearful that Falun Gong's popularity was overshadowing his own legacy.

The Nature of the Persecution: Genocide and Ethocide

The campaign to annihilate Falun Gong practitioners permeates all levels of society and utilizes the entire government — what human rights lawyers are calling *genocide*. However, a new word, *ethocide*, has recently been adopted to describe another aspect of the persecution: destroying practitioners' spirit and corrupting the people's conscience.

Ethocide: The annihilation of the fundamental factors and values that constitute humanity. The breaking or destruction of spirit, will, or essential character. The forcible compromise of conscience or relinquishing of principles.

Practitioners are forced to choose between spiritual and physical death by either renouncing their belief or dying from torture. All of China and even foreign companies and governments have been forced to choose between conscience and interest when faced with the persecution of Falun Gong.

Persecution methods include:

- Brainwashing
- Torture and beating
- Psychiatric abuse
- Forced abortion
- Illegal imprisonment
- Slave labor in camps
- Sexual abuse
- Extortion



Rongrong, 4 years old, lost her loved ones

When Zou Rongfa ("Rongrong") was born in November 1999, her father was

in a detention center because he had appealed in Beijing for Falun Gong. After multiple arrests, he eventually died at the hands of the police. The police also harassed and kept close watch over Rongfa's mother. They arrested her in February 2002, and she is still detained. Fatherless and separated from her mother, Rongfa was cared for by her grandmother, who eventually fell ill and died from grief.

Kaixin, 3 years old: mom died from torture and dad is forced into exile



Three months after Huang Ying ("Kaixin") was born in August 2001, she had to leave her mother, who practiced Falun Gong, when her grandmother took her back to their hometown. On December 5, 2002, she saw her mother's body. Her father was in a labor camp at the time and didn't know his

wife had died. Kaixin has never seen her dad, and even now cannot be with him. To avoid arrest, he went into exile. She lives with her grandparents in a dilapidated house made of sun-dried mud bricks. They have no income and cannot afford to send her to kindergarten.

Meng Hao, 8 months old, tortured to death along with his mother



Wang Lixuan, 27, went to Beijing with her baby, Meng Hao, to appeal for Falun Gong on October 22, 2000. On November 7, 2000, they were both tortured to death. When the family received the death notice and arrived in Beijing, they found frozen corpses. According to the

coroner's exam, her neck and knucklebones were broken, her skull was sunken, and there was a needle stuck in her waist. There were two deep bruises on her son's ankles, two black and blue spots on his head, and blood in his nose.

Yuanyuan, 4 years old, abducted by police on January 1, 2004



Both of 4-year-old Zhang Yuan-yuan's parents are Falun Gong practitioners. Her father was sent to a labor camp for two years. Upon release, he was forced into homelessness to avoid arrest again. On December 23, 2003, police broke into

their home and, to Yuanyuan's horror, arrested her mother, Wu Yongmei. After torturing Wu to the verge of death, authorities sent her back home. When she returned and found her daughter had been taken by police, she demanded the girl's release but was refused. She was also forced to leave home and has not been heard from since.

The Global Mission to Rescue Persecuted Falun Gong Practitioners

GMRPFGP is an international non-profit human rights organization established in the U.S.A. in November 2002 by constituent groups from 16 countries. Its core mission is to:

Raise public awareness about the persecution of Falun Gong practitioners in China

Rescue those being tortured in jails, forced-labor camps, mental hospitals, and detention centers; and to initiate, coordinate, and support efforts of the international community

Help end the persecution as soon as possible